Land Restoration

Land restoration refers to the process of halting degradation or rehabilitating degraded land, typically through activities like reforestation, soil conservation, and the protection of natural processes. It aims to enhance biodiversity, restore ecosystem services, and mitigate climate change impacts.

A few examples of restorative methods



AGROFORESTRY OR AGROECOLOGY



FLOOD PLAIN RESTORATION



MANAGED GRAZING



REFORESTATION

World Environment Day

LAND RESTORATION, DESERTIFICATION & DROUGHT RESILIENCE #GENERATIONRESTORATION

5th June 2024



















Drought-Like Conditions Drought Types of Drought in 500 of 718 Districts The Standarised Precipitation Index is employed by the India Meteorological Department for declaration of drought, district-wise. From Aug 20 to Sept 24, 2023, over 'Drought' is the absence of water for a long period of time, at a place where it is Meteorological drought 70% of 718 districts reported negative SPI values, indicating considered abnormal as compared to its usual conditions. The surface water Agricultural drought bodies (rivers, lakes, lagoons, ponds etc.) that offer sustenance to human and animals are under consistent threat of drought across the planet. Hydrological & Socio-Economic drought Standardized Precipitation Index Extremely Dry Severely Dry Moderately Dry Mildly Dry Mildly Wet Moderately Wet Severely Wet **Extremely Wet**

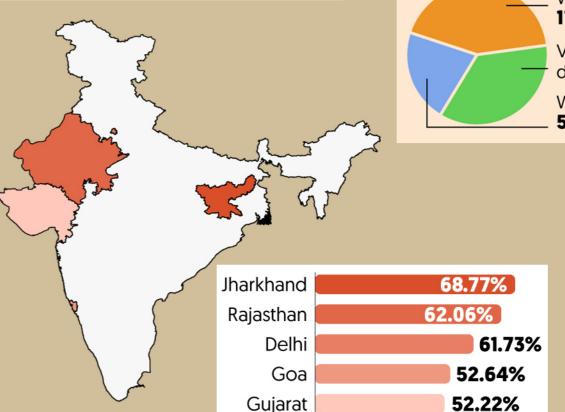
Desertification

Desertification refers to land degradation in arid, semi-arid and dry subhumid areas resulting from various factors, including climatic variations and human activities.

Desertification Causes







State-wise area under desertification

(% of Total Geographic Area of State)

